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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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09/649,713

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Harry T. French

FRENCH 6-2

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47396

7590

03/07/2005

HITT GAINES, PC  
AGERE SYSTEMS INC.  
PO BOX 832570  
RICHARDSON, TX 75083

EXAMINER

HAN, CLEMENCE S

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2665

DATE MAILED: 03/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/649,713	FRENCH ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Clemence Han	2665	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 October 2004.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-50 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-50 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                        | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)                     |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)    | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____  |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
2. Claim 1–18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leger (US Patent 5,732,286) in view of Hamburger et al. (US Patent 3,586,771).

In regard to claim 1 and 10, Leger teaches a packet transport system having a master device 101, 102 that transmits packets to a slave device 103, comprising: a channel level detector 207 that reads a level of a first-in, first-out (FIFO) buffer 208 of said slave device (Column 8 Line 4-5) and compares said level to a threshold (Column 8 Line 9-12); and an event driven message generator 207 that issues an event driven message when said level reaches said threshold (Column 7 Line 8-10). Leger, however, does not teach issuing an event driven message to said master device. Hamburger teaches issuing an event driven message to said master device (Column 1 Line 59–64). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Leger to issue an event driven message to master device as taught by Hamburger in order to achieve better utilization at the master device (Column 1 Line 31–40).

In regard to claim 2 and 11, Leger teaches the event driven message transmitted in band (Column 10 Line 15-17).

In regard to claim 3 and 12, Leger teaches the event driven message transmitted out of band (Column 10 Line 15-17).

In regard to claim 4 and 13, Leger teaches a local interface 104 between said master device 101, 102 and said slave device 103. Leger also teaches sending said event driven message to the transmitting device (Column 7 Line 28-30).

In regard to claim 5 and 14, Leger teaches said threshold as user selectable (Column 8 Line 8-9).

In regard to claim 6 and 15, Leger teaches said level indicates a number of packets remaining in said FIFO buffer (Column 8 Line 4-5), said event driven message indicating to said master device as to when said FIFO buffer may underrun (Column 3 Line 48-51).

In regard to claim 7 and 16, Leger teaches master device transmits additional packets to said slave device based on said event driven message (Column 3 Line 48-51).

In regard to claim 8 and 17, Leger teaches said level indicates a number of packets remaining in said FIFO buffer (Column 8 Line 4-5), said event driven

message indicating to said master device as to when said FIFO buffer may overrun (Column 3 Line 43-46).

In regard to claim 9 and 18, Leger teaches master device suspends transmission of packets to said slave device based on said event driven message (Column 3 Line 43-46).

3. Claim 19-22, 25-29, 32-38 and 41-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leger in view of Hamburger and further in view of Bell, Jr. et al. (US Patent 6,601,105).

In regard to claim 19, 26, 33 and 41, Leger in view of Hamburger teaches a packet transport system having a master device that transmits packets to a slave device, a messaging system for facilitating communications between said master device and said slave device as discussed in the rejection of claim 1. Leger in view of Hamburger, however, does not teach an aggregate level detector that determines storage levels of a plurality of channels associated with said slave device and a periodic message generator that periodically issues to said master device a periodic message indicating said storage levels. Bell, Jr. teaches an aggregate level detector 18 that determines storage levels of a plurality of channels associated with said slave device (Column 4 Line 35-38) and a periodic message generator 18 that periodically issues to said master device a periodic message indicating said storage

levels (Column 3 Line 66-67). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Leger in view of Hamburger to have an aggregate level detector and periodic message generator as taught by Bell, Jr. in order to use plurality of buffers more efficiently.

In regard to claim 20, 27, 34, 42 and 43, Leger teaches the event driven message transmitted in band (Column 10 Line 15-17).

In regard to claim 21, 28, 35, 44 and 45, Leger teaches the event driven message transmitted out of band (Column 10 Line 15-17).

In regard to claim 22, 29, 36 and 46, Leger teaches a local interface 104 between said master device 101, 102 and said slave device 103. Leger also teaches sending said event driven message to the transmitting device (Column 7 Line 28-30).

In regard to claim 24, 31, 40 and 50, Hamburger teaches using a periodic message to enable said master device to determine a variation between a first clock associated with said slave device and a second clock associated with said master device (Column 1 Line 41-50).

In regard to claim 25, 32, 37 and 47, Leger teaches master device transmits additional packets to said slave device based on said event driven message (Column 3 Line 48-51).

In regard to claim 38 and 48, Leger teaches master device suspends transmission of packets to said slave device based on said event driven message (Column 3 Line 43-46).

4. Claim 23, 30, 39 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leger in view of Hamburger and Bell, Jr. et al and further in view of Sidhu et al. (US Patent 6,366,959). Leger in view of Hamburger and Bell, Jr. teaches a periodic message generator that periodically issues to said master device a periodic message indicating said storage levels (Bell Jr. Column 3 Line 66-67). Leger in view of Hamburger and Bell, Jr., however, does not teach said periodic message is contained in a single packet. Sidhu teaches a feedback contained in a single packet 178. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Leger in view of Hamburger and Bell, Jr. to use a single packet feedback as taught by Sidhu in order to relay the states of buffers more efficiently.

#### ***Response to Arguments***

5. Applicant's arguments filed October 15, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to page 2-3, the applicant argues that Hamburger does not teach issuing an event driven message to a master device when a level of a buffer of a slave device reaches a threshold. The applicant, further argues that one skilled in

the art would not be motivated to combine the teachings of Leger with those of Hamburger. Leger teaches issuing an event driven message to a transmitting device when a level of a buffer of a receiving device reaches a threshold (Column 7 Line 25-30). Leger, however, does not use the terms “master” and “slave”. Hamburger teaches slave device reporting to master device (Column 1 Line 41-64). For the motivation to combine, it could come from the nature of the problems to be solved as cited in *In re Rouffet*, 149 F.3d 1350, 47 U.S.P.Q. 2d 1453 (Fed. Cir. 1998).

In response to page 4, the applicant argues that the cited combination of Leger, Hamburger and Bell does not teach each and every element of independent claims based on the previous argument on page 2-3. For the response on the previous argument, see above.

In response to page 5, the applicant argues that the cited combination of Leger, Hamburger, Bell and Sidhu does not teach each and every element of independent claims based on the previous argument on page 2-3. For the response on the previous argument, see above.

### ***Conclusion***

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).




A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Clemence Han whose telephone number is (571) 272-3158. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

C. H.  
Clemence Han  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2665



STEVEN NGUYEN  
PRIMARY EXAMINER